

NAME OF PATIENT/VETERAN;		SSN:	EXAMINATION DATE:
Α.	CCEPTABLE CLINICAL EVID	ENCE (ACE) AND EVID	ENCE DEVIEW
NDICATE METHOD USED TO OBTAIN MEDICAL			FIATE VEALERA
			a clinia radia a fact) sures because the solution
medical evidence provided sufficient info	rmation on which to prepare the	DBQ and such an examina	e Clinical Evidence (ACE) process because the existing ation will likely provide no additional relevant evidence.
Review of available records in conjunction because the existing medical evidence su examination would likely provide no addi	pplemented with a telephone in	h the Veteran (without in- terview provided sufficien	person or telehealth examination) using the ACE process t information on which to prepare the DBQ and such an
Examination via approved video teleheal	th		
In-person examination			
EVIDENCE REVIEWED			
EVIDENCE REVIEWED (check all that apply):			
Not requested VA claims file (hard copy paper C-file) VA e-folder (VB/NS or Virtual VA) CPRS Other (please identify other evidence rev	☐ No records were reviewed		
EVIDENCE COMMENTS:			



NOTE: This form is only for use by VHA staff or contract examine	YS.
This exam is for:	
Mearing loss and/or tinnitus (audiologist, performing cu	gist clinician, using audiology report of record that represents Veteran's current condition)
	SECTION 1 - HEARING LOSS (HL)
NOTE: all testing must be conducted in accordance with the fol	owing instructions to be valid for VA disability evaluation purposes.
Instructions: An examination of hearing impairment must be co	nducted by a state-licensed audiologist and must include a controlled speech discrimination test

Instructions: An examination of hearing impairment must be conducted by a state-licensed audiologist and must include a controlled speech discrimination test (specifically, the Maryland CNC recording) and a puretone audiometry test in a sound isolated booth that meets American National Standards Institute standards (ANS) 53:1.1999 [R2004]), for ambient noise. Measurements will be reported at the frequencies of 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, and 4000 Hz.

The examination will include the following tests: Puretone audiometry by air conduction at 250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 6000 Hz and 8000 Hz, and by bone conduction at 250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 3000, and 4000 Hz, and by bone conduction at 250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, and 4000 Hz, spondee thresholds, speech discrimination using the recorded Maryland CNC Test, tympanometry and acoustic reflex tests (ipsilateral and contralateral), and, when necessary, Stenger tests. Bone conduction thresholds are measured when the air conduction thresholds are poorer than 15 dB HL. A modified Hughson-Westlake procedure will be used with appropriate masking. A Stenger must be administered whenever puretone air conduction thresholds at 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, and 4000 Hz differ by 20 dB or more between the two ears.

Maximum speech discrimination will be reported with the 50 word VA approved recording of the Maryland CNC test. The starting presentation level will be 40 dB re SRT. If necessary, the starting level will be adjusted upward to obtain a level at least 5 dB above the threshold at 2000 Hz, if not above the patient's tolerance level.

The examination will be conducted without the use of hearing aids. Both ears must be examined for hearing impairment even if hearing loss in only one ear is at issue. When speech discrimination is 92% or less, a performance intensity function must be obtained.

A comprehensive audiological evaluation should include evaluation results for puretone thresholds by air and bone conduction (500-8000 Hz), speech reception thresholds (SRT), speech discrimination scores, and acoustic immittance with acoustic reflexes (ipsilateral and contralateral reflexes). Tests for non-organicity must be performed when indicated.

1. OBJECTIVE FINDINGS

a. PURETONE THRESHOLDS IN DECIBELS (air conduction):

Instructions: Measure and record puretone threshold values in decibels at the indicated frequencies (air conduction). Report the decibel (dB) value, which ranges from +10 dB to 105 dB, for each of the frequencies. Add a plus behind the decibel value when a maximum value has been reached with a fallure of response from the Veteran: In those circumstances where the average includes a fallure of response at either the maximum allowable limit (105 dB) or the maximum limits of the audiometer, use this maximum decibel value of the fallure of response in the puretone threshold average calculation.

If the Veteran could not be tested (CNT), enter CNT and state the reason why the Veteran could not be tested. Clearly inaccurate, invalid or unreliable test results should not be reported.

The puretone threshold at 500 Hz is not used in calculating the puretone threshold average for evaluation purposes but is used in determining whether or not for VA purposes, hearing impairment reaches the level of a disability. The puretone threshold average requires the decibel levels of each of the required frequencies (1000 Hz, 2000 Hz, 3000 Hz, and 4000 Hz) be recorded for the test to be valid for determination of a hearing impairment.

RIGHT EAR

	G	F	Ē	D	c	В	A
Avg Hz (B-E)**	8000 Hz	6000 Hz	4000 Hz	3000 Hz	2000 Hz	1000 Hz	500 Hz*
22	25	35	30	35	.15:	10	15

LEFT EAR

A	В	B C D E F G					
500 Hz*	1000 Hz	2000 Hz	3000 Hz	4000 Hz	6000 Hz	8000 Hz	Avg Hz (B-E)**
20	15	15	15	20	25	. 25	16

the puretone threshold at 500 Hz is not used in determining the evaluation but is used in determining whether or not a ratable hearing loss exists.

^{**}The average of B, C, D, and E.

^{***}CNT - could not test



	in the second se	TIETH(IT EODS TAITS THEIR	
b.	WERE THERE ONE OR MORE FREQUENCY(IES) THAT COL	OLD NOT BE TESTED?	
	If yes, enter CNT in the box for frequency(les) that could	not be tested, and explain why testing could not	be done:
			요하다. 호마리 호마리 호마리 편이
			보고 보통하다 하다 이 이번에 보다면 없다.
·c	VALIDITY OF PURETONE TEST RESULTS:		
٠.	▼ Test results are valid for rating purposes.		
	Test results are not valid for rating purposes (not in	ndicative of organic hearing loss).	
	If invalid, provide reason:		
	SPEECH DISCRIMINATION SCORE (MARYLAND CNC WO		
Ins	tructions on pausing: Examiners should pause when ne Il ensure that the test results are based on actual hearin	cessary during speech discrimination tests, in orde	er to give the Veteran sufficient time to respond. This
wil	il ensure that the test results are based on actual hearth riety of problems that might require pausing, for examp	ile, the presence of cognitive impairment, it is up t	o the examiner to determine when to use pausing and
	length of the pauses.		
	DIGUTTAN 70 OF		
	RIGHTEAR 70 %		얼마 보다 하다가 다시다.
	LEFT EAR 70 %		
e.	APPROPRIATENESS OF USE OF SPEECH DISCRIMINATIO	N SCORE (MARYLAND CNC WORD LIST)	
	Right Ear:		
	is Word Discrimination Score available?		
	X YES NO		
	Word Discrimination Score appropriateness:		
	Use of speech discrimination score is appropria		
	☐ The use of the speech discrimination score is n discrimination scores, etc., that make combine	ot appropriate for this Veteran because of languaged use of puretone average and speech discriminat	se difficulties, cognitive problems, inconsistent speech ion scores inappropriate.
	Left Ear:		
	Is Word Discrimination Score available?		
	X YES NO.		
	Word Discrimination Score appropriateness:		
	Use of speech discrimination score is appropria		
	The use of the speech discrimination score is n discrimination scores, etc., that make combine	ot appropriate for this Veteran because of languaged use of puretone average and speech discriminat	ge difficulties, cognitive problems, inconsistent speech Ion scores inappropriate.
f.	AUDIOLOGIC FINDINGS		
	Summary of Immittance (Tympanometry) Findings:		
		RIGHT EAR	LEFT EAR
	Acoustic immittance	Normal Abnormal	Normal 🖾 Abnormal 🗀
	Ipsilateral Acoustic Reflexes	Normal Abnormal	Normal 🖾 Abnormal 🗆
	Contralateral Acoustic Reflexes	Normal Abnormal A	Normal X Abnormal C
		Notitial C Abitorital C	isottial Ed. Monorman
	Unable to interpret reflexes due to artifact		<u> </u>
	Lucianie in optain/maintain seal	r	11



2. DIAGNOSIS	
Right Ear	ICD Code:
Normal hearing	ico code:
Conductive hearing loss	·
Mixed hearing loss	•
⊠ Sensorineural hearing loss (in the frequency range of 500-4000 Hz)*	ICD code: H90:41
Sensorineural hearing loss (in the frequency range of 6000 Hz or higher frequencies) **	
Significant changes in hearing thresholds in service***	
Left Ear	ICD Code:
Normal hearing	ico code;
Conductive hearing loss	
Mixed hearing loss	·
Sensorineural hearing loss (in the frequency range of 500-4000 Hz)*	
Sensorineural hearing loss (in the frequency range of 6000 Hz or higher frequencies) **	
Significant changes in hearing thresholds in service***	
NOTES:	
*The Veteran may have hearing loss at a level that is not considered to be a disability for VA purposes. This than 25 dB at one or more frequencies in the 500-4000 Hz range.	
**The Veteran may have impaired hearing, but it does not meet the criteria to be considered a disability for hearing impairment is based upon testing at frequency ranges of 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, and 4000 Hz. If the above 4000 Hz, check this box.	gere is no AL in the 300-4000 AZ lange, but there is the
***The Veteran may have a significant change in hearing threshold in service, but it does not meet the crite significant change in hearing threshold may indicate noise exposure or acoustic trauma.)	eria to be considered a disability for VA purposes. (A
3. ETIOLOGY	
☐ Etiology opinion not indicated as:	얼마에 그림하면 그림하면 그렇지만 그림하다
Service connected condition	
□ VBA did not request etiology	
Right Ear:	
Was there permanent positive threshold shift (worse than reference threshold) greater than normal mand 6000 HZ for the right ear?	easurement variability at any frequency between 500
☑ YES ☐ NO	
Opinion provided for the right ear:	
☑ YES ☐ NO	is a section of a section of a three deposits of the section of th
If present, is the Veteran's hearing loss at least as likely as not (50% probability or greater) caused by or	ra result of an event in military servicer
☐ YES	
⊠ NO	
Cannot provide a medical opinion regarding the etiology of the Veteran's hearing loss without resonant (Provide rationale for a yes, no answer or speculation reason):	
Veteran's hearing thresholds at time of entrance and separation were within normal limits. Accord Medicine Noise and Hearing Conservation Committee, "a noise induced hearing loss will not propose that the Veteran's current hearing loss is less likely than not related to military noise exposure/acc	gress once it is stopped." Therefore it is my opinion
Did hearing loss exist prior to the service? YES NO If yes, was the pre-existing hearing loss aggravated beyond normal progression in military service. YES NO Provide rationale for both yes or no:	?



	Left Ear:
	Was there permanent positive threshold shift (worse than reference threshold) greater than normal measurement variability at any frequency between 500 and 6000 HZ for the left ear?
	Opinion provided for the left ear:
	X YES NO
	If present; is the Veteran's hearing loss at least as likely as not (50% probability or greater) caused by or a result of an event in military service?
	☐ YES
	$\overline{\mathbb{X}}$ No .
	Cannot provide a medical opinion regarding the etiology of the Veteran's hearing loss without resorting to speculation
	Rationale (Provide rationale for a yes, no answer or speculation reason):
	Veteran's hearing thresholds at time of entrance and separation were within normal limits, According to the American College of Occupational Medicine Noise and Hearing Conservation Committee, "a noise induced hearing loss will not progress once it is stopped." Therefore it is my opinion that the Veteran's current hearing loss is less likely than not related to military noise exposure/acoustic trauma.
	Did hearing loss exist prior to the service?
	If yes, was the pre-existing hearing loss aggravated beyond normal progression in military service?
	Ses No
	Provide rationale for both yes or no:
	Provide rationale for both yes or no:
No	FUNCTIONAL IMPACT OF HEARING LOSS Let Ask the Veteran to describe in his or her own words the effects of disability (i.e. The current complaint of hearing loss on occupational functioning and daily ivities). Document the Veteran's response without opining on the relationship between the functional effects and the level of impairment (audiogram) or othere characterizing the response, Do not use handicap scales.
	Does the Veteran's hearing loss impact ordinary conditions of daily life, including ability to work?
	▼ YES □ NO
	If yes, describe impact in the Veteran's own words: Veteran reported not always being able to understand conversations because he misses what is being said. Veteran reported having to make sure he is looking at people when they are talking to him and has to reads lips in order to understand what is being said.
5.	REMARKS, IF ANY, PERTAINING TO HEARING LOSS: Otoscopic evaluation was normal bilaterally.
	SECTION 2 - TINNITUS
1.	MEDICAL HISTORY .
	DOES THE VETERAN REPORT RECURRENT TÜNNITÜS?
	X YES L NO
	Date and circumstances of onset of tinnitus:
	2004
	2004 Veteran did not report any significant circumstances surrounding the onset.
	2004 Veteran did not report any significant circumstances surrounding the onset.



. ETIOLOGY OF TINNITUS	
Etiology opinion not indicated as:	
Service connected condition	시민(나이는 나이는 나는데 얼마를 나오신다).
☐ VBA did not request etiology	성기가 많은 함께 말을 하는 것으로 모든 사람이 되었다며.
The Veteran has a diagnosis of clinical hearing loss, and his or her tinnitus is at least as likely the hearing loss, as tinnitus is known to be a symptom associated with hearing loss	y as not (50% probability or greater) a symptom associated with
Less likely than not (less than 50% probability) a symptom associated with the Veterans heal Rationale:	aring loss
그렇게 그렇게 걸어서 그렇게 그렇게 되었다.	
시작 시작 전에 들어서 가는 사람이 하는 것 같아.	
존기의 문제 공단에 되는데, 그렇지만 보면서 그렇게 하는데 하는데 하다.	
X At least as likely as not (50% probability or greater) caused by or a result of military noise e	Whost tre
	, Apostice
Rationale: The Veteran was exposed to excessive noise exposure (acoustic trauma) during service cause timitus; therefore the tinnitus is at least as likely as not a result of military noise	e. Excessive noise exposure (acoustic trauma) is known to exposure.
그리는 하다가 하다가 되었다면 하는 하는 하는 하는데 하는데 하다.	
범인 생물이 나무게 내고면 하고 하는데 생물이 되었다.	
At least as likely as not (50% probability or greater) due to a known etiology (such as traun Etiology and rationale:	natic brain injury)
진 맛을 하는 맛을 하는 맛을 먹는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것이다.	성하면 경험하다 가입니다 사람이 없었다.
Less likely than not (less than 50% probability) caused by or a result of military noise expo	sure
Rationale:	강이는 손이를 보고 하고 있다면 뭐 하다.
게 하다면 보다면 보다는 것이 되었다. 그리고 있는데 보다 보다면 보다는 것이 없다는데 없다면 보다.	
	kas ikasilka silkesilka ilas
그리 이글 경기는 보이라 살이다는 사이라는 이 마음을 하는 생기하는	레이아를 가득 가득하다면 하는데
병생 기업에 보냈다면서 경우를 가는 것이 하는데 하는데 없다.	나는 마루가 사라고 하다가 나타가 살아보다.
Cannot provide a medical opinion regarding the etiology of the Veteran's tinnitus without Reason speculation required:	resorting to speculation
이 살아가는 살아를 다면 하는 살아가는 살아가는 살아가는 살아가는 살아야다.	나는 사람이 얼마나는 사람이 얼마나 아니다.



3. FUNCTIONAL IMPACT OF TINNITUS		and the state of t
NOTE: Ask the Veteran to describe in his or her own wor activities). Document the Veteran's response without of otherwise characterizing the response. Do not use hand	pining on the relationship between the functional ef	of tinnitus on occupational functioning and daily fects and the level of impairment (audiogram) or
Does the Veteran's tinnitus impact ordinary condition YES NO If yes, describe impact in the Veteran's own wor		
Veteran reported tinnitus significantly impacts	s his ability to understand conversations and to sle ite noise machine due to the severity of the tinnitu	ep at night. Veteran reported is most bothersome in s.
4. REMARKS, IF ANY, PERTAINING TO TINNITUS: Veteran reported constant bilateral tinnitus.		
CERTIFICATION: to the best of my knowledge, the inform	nation contained herein is accurate, complete and cu	ırrent.
AUDIOLOGIST/CLINICIAN SIGNATURE: Digitally Signed 01/20/2017 01:02:29	DATE: 1/20/2017	
AUDIOLOGIST/CLINIGIAN PRINTED NAME:		
STATE AUDIOLOGY/EXAMINER LICENSE #:	PHYSICIAN ADDRESS: 4201 Northview Drive Suite 410 Bov	vie MD 20716
PHONE:	FAX:	
NOTE: VA may request additional medical information, including addition	nal examinations, if necessary to complete VA's review of the Veteran's	application,
(i.e. civil or criminal law enforcement; congressional communications, ep	to any source other than what has been authorized under the Privacy	Act of 1974 or Title 38. Code of Federal Regulations 1.576 for routine uses

Privacy Act Notice: VA will not disclose information collected on this form to any source other than what has been authorized under the Privacy Act of 1974 or Itle 38, Code of Federal Regulations 1.576 for routine uses (i.e., civil or criminal law enforcement; congressional communications, epidemiological or research studies, the collection of money owed to the United States, litigation in which the United States is a party or has an interest, the administration of IVA programs and delivery of IVA behefits; verification of plainting and interest, the administration as identified in the VA system of records, SBVA21/27/28, Compensation, Pension, Education and Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Records - VA, published in the Federal Register. Your obligation to respond is voluntary. VA uses your SSN to identify your claim file. Providing your SSN will help ensure that your records are properly associated with your claim file. Civing us your SSN account information is voluntary. Refusal to provide your SSN by itself will not result in the dental of benefits. VA will not deny an individual benefits for refusing to provide his or her SSN willess the disclosure of the SSN is required by a Federal Statute of law in effect prior to January 1, 1975, and still in effect. The requested information is considered relevant and necessary to determine.

Respondent Burden. We need this information to determine entitlement to benefits (38 U.S.C. 501). Title 38, United States Code, allows us to ask for this information. We estimate that you will need an average of 15 minutes to review the instructions, find the information, and complete the form. VA cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unites a valid OMB control number is displayed. You are not required to respond to a collection of information if this number is not displayed. Valid OMB control numbers can be located on the OMB internet Page at www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. If desired, you can call 1-800-827-1000 to get information on where to send comments or suggestions about this form.



			ADDITIONAL	REMARKS	***************************************	***************************************	······································	
	HISTORY							
a.	HOW WOULD YOU E	BEST DESCRIBE YOUR HEARING? (C	heck all that apply):					
	☐ Hearing is fine w	vith no concerns	d habl sals					
		g in noisy environments						
	75.7	ng in group situations						
	Able to hear but							
	☐ Difficulty hearin							
	Unable to hear	ig tipiti a distatice						
h		YOUR HEARING IS BETTER IN ONE E	AR VERSUS THE OTHER?					
D.			THE VEHICLE THE STREET	Right	□ left			
	LI YES IND	If yes, which ear is better? IS EVER BEEN RECOMMENDED?		r wight	C reir			
Ç.				п	Пъ			
	LI YES IXI NO	If yes, have they been worn?		☐ Yes	□ No □ □ □			
		If yes, which ear?		Right	☐ Left ☐ Both			
d.	HAVE YOU EVER HA				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	YES X NO	If yes, which ear?		L Right	☐ Left ☐ Both			
	What type of surge	ry, describe:						
								- 1
								5 -
		والمراوع والمراوع والمراوع والمراوع والمراوع والمستركان والمستوا والمراوع والمراوع والمراوع	- Ancheruseno municipal	es Petro 25 -11.4	L'annue to d			
e.		AGNOSED WITH AND/OR RECEIVE	DANY OF THE FOLLOWING					: 1
	Otosclerosis			☐ Barotra				
	Labyrinthitis			Acousti				
	Permanent hea	ring loss		Mening				
	Bell's palsy.			Measle	5			
	Cholesteatoma			Cancer				
	Meniere's disea				n/chemotherapy			
	Ossicular disloc				rm IV antibiotics			. 4
	Sudden hearing			☐ Head tr	auma			
	Please describe the	marked diagnoses:						
								4.00
	1							
		로 다양하면 다양하면 다음이다.						
	FAMILY HISTORY O	F HEARING LOSS						
a.		RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY OF HEA	RING LOSS:					
	None.							



	ADDITIONAL REMARKS
POST SERVICE HISTORY OF NOISE EXPOSURE	
HAVE YOU BEEN EXPOSED TO LOUD NOISES, RECEN	TLY OR POST SERVICE? (Check all that apply):
☐ Fire Arms	Power Tools
☐ Aircraft Noise	Motorcycles/recreational vehicles
☐ Farm Equipment	Other; specify:
☐ Heavy Equipment	
	하는 모든 사람이 되었다. 그런 이 모든 이 모든 이 모든 이 모든 이 모든 것이다. 그런 그를
	보이면 마음하는 말보다면 말보다면 말보다면 말보다면 말보다는 바람이 얼마나 모습니다.
	하는 나는 것이 없이 이 모든데 이 중에 이 없는데 그렇게 되었다. 나를 다 중에 없다.
	동사가 아니라는 아들이를 하는 때 모든 사람들이 아름다는 아름다는 것을 다른 것을 다 했다.
Danisha any annulad abassa	andre de la colonia de la Para esta de la colonia de
Describe any marked above:	이 이 그 사이는 사이 이 나는 이 사람이 되었다. 나는 이 사이를 보고 있다면 하는데 되었다.
	보다면 있는 마음하면 이 나무나는 다른 나면 아이라면 아이라면 다른 나를 다른 사람이 없다면 다른 사람
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PROBE (RIGHT)	PEAK PRESSURE daPa		E V _e	a	226 Hz		78 Hz			RAM	Č.	PROBE (LEFT)	PEAK PRESS daPa		URE	v _{ea}		PEAK STA 226 Hz		78 Hz		ANOGRAM TYPE
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													85		35	85		85				
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(RIGHT)	500		100	2000 4		000 BBN		500		1000		STIMULUS (LEFT)			30	80		80	BBN 5		300	1000
OTHER	WE	BER	PT ST	ENGER	RIN	INE	OTHE	R:				OTHER	80	WEBER			ENGER		NNE	OTHE	R:	
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LEVEL			70									LEVEL			7	0			f			
LIST	a ke may		CNC									LIST				CNC						•
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LAST NAME - FIRST NAME - MIDDLE INITIAL

NAME OF EXAMINING STATION OR CLINIC

AGE

CLAIM NO.

SOCIAL SECURITY NO.

DATE OF EXAM

SIGNATURE OF EXAMINING AUDIOLOGIST